## Claims

A polymer electrolyte membrane or gas diffusion electrode which includes an ion-conducting polymeric
 material which includes moieties of formula

which are substituted on average with more than 1 and 3 or less groups (e.g. sulphonate groups) which provide ion-exchange sites and hydrogen atoms of said moieties are optionally substituted, wherein each X in said moieties of formula A independently represent an oxygen or sulphur atom.

- 2. A membrane or an electrode according to claim 1, wherein said moieties are substituted on average with 1.8 to 2.2 of said groups which provide ion-exchange sites.
- 20 3. A membrane or an electrode according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein said ion conducting polymeric material is of a type which includes:
  - (i) phenyl moieties;
- 25 (ii) carbonyl and/or sulphone moieties; and
  - (iii) ether and/or thioether moieties.

4. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein said ion conducting polymeric material includes a moiety of formula

$$-\left(E-\left(Ar\right)\left(C\right)\right)_{m}E'$$

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and/or a moiety of formula

$$+\left(\bigcirc\right) - co\left(\bigcirc\right) + co\left(\bigcirc$$

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and/or a moiety of formula

$$\begin{array}{c}
\left( \bigcirc \right) \\
so_{\overline{z}} \\
\left( \bigcirc \right) \\
z
\end{array}$$

wherein at least some of the units I, II and/or III are functionalised to provide ion-exchange sites, wherein unit A is a part of units I, II and/or III, wherein the phenyl moieties in units I, II, and III are independently optionally substituted and optionally cross-linked; and wherein m,r,s,t,v,w and z independently represent zero or a positive integer, E and E' independently represent an

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oxygen or a sulphur atom or a direct link, G represents an oxygen or sulphur atom, a direct link or a -O-Ph-O- moiety where Ph represents a phenyl group and Ar is selected from one of the following moieties (i)\* or (i) to (x) which is bonded via one or more of its phenyl moieties to adjacent moieties

- 5. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein said ion-conducting polymeric material is sulphonated.
- 5 6. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein said polymeric material is a homopolymer having a repeat unit of general formula

$$= \left\{ \left( -\frac{1}{A_r} \right) \left( -\frac{1}{A_r} \right$$

or a homopolymer having a repeat unit of general formula

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$$\frac{\left\{ \left( -\left( Ar \right) \left( \bigcirc \right) \right\}_{m} E' \right\}_{C} \left( \bigcirc \right) + SO_{2} \left( \bigcirc \right) \right\}_{Z} G \left[ \left( \bigcirc \right) \right\}_{L} SO_{2} \left( \bigcirc \right) \right]_{V} G \left[ \left( \bigcirc \right) \right]_{C} G \left[ \left$$

or a random or block copolymer of at least two different units of IV and/or V provided that repeat units (or parts of repeat unit) are functionalised to provide ion-exchange sites;

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or a homopolymer having a repeat unit of general formula

$$\frac{\left\{\left(\bigcirc\right) - co\left(\bigcirc\right)\right\}_{w} G\left[\left(\bigcirc\right) - co\left(\bigcirc\right)\right]_{s} B \left(E - Ar\right) \left(\bigcirc\right) - B^{r} A \left(CO^{r}\right) A \left$$

or a homopolymer having a repeat unit of general formula

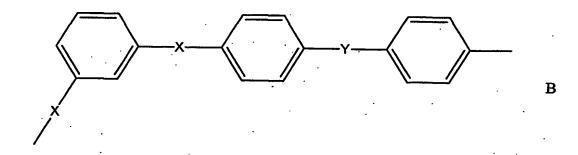
$$\left[\left(\bigcirc\right) \cdot SO_{2} \cdot \left(\bigcirc\right)\right)_{z} \cdot G\left(\left(\bigcirc\right)\right)_{x} \cdot SO_{2} \cdot \left(\bigcirc\right)\right]_{y} \cdot \left(-\left(Ar\right) \cdot \left(\bigcirc\right)\right)_{m} E^{i} \cdot \left(-\left(Ar\right) \cdot \left(\bigcirc\right)_{m} E^{i} \cdot \left(-\left(Ar\right) \cdot \left(\bigcirc\right)\right)_{m} E^{i} \cdot \left(-\left(Ar\right) \cdot \left(\bigcirc\right)_{m} E^{i} \cdot \left(-\left(Ar\right) \cdot \left(\bigcirc\right)\right)_{m} E^{i} \cdot \left(-\left(Ar\right) \cdot \left(\bigcirc\right)_{m} E^{i} \cdot \left(-\left(Ar\right) \cdot \left(-\left(Ar\right)$$

or a random or block copolymer of at least two different units of IV\* and/or V\* provided that one or more repeat units (or parts of repeat units) are functionalised to provide ion-exchange sites;

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wherein A, B, C, and D independently represent 0 or 1 and E, E', G, Ar, m, r, s, t, v, w and z are as described in claim 4.

- 7. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein said ion-conducting polymeric material is crystalline or crystallisable.
- 8. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein said polymeric material includes at least some ketone moieties in the polymeric chain.
- A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein said ion-conducting polymeric material
   includes a repeat unit of formula



wherein the 1,3- substituted -X-Phenyl-X- moiety is substituted on average with more than 1 and 3 or fewer groups which provide ion-exchange sites, each X independently represents an oxygen or sulphur atom and Y represents a carbonyl or sulphone group.

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10. A membrane or an electrode according to claim 9, wherein Y represents a carbonyl group and X represents an oxygen atom.

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- 11. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein any -0-phenyl-CO or -0-phenyl-SO<sub>2</sub> moieties in said ion-conducting polymeric material are functionalised with ion-exchange sites to a level of less than 10 mole%.
- 12. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein the only moieties in said ion-conducting polymeric material which are functionalised with ion exchange sites are moieties A.
- 13. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein substantially 100 mole% of moieties A are difunctionalised.

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14. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein said ion conducting polymeric material is a copolymer comprising a first repeat unit which is selected from the following:

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(a) a unit of formula IV wherein E and E' represent oxygen atoms, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (iv), m and s represent zero, w represents 1 and A and B represent 1 provided that said unit includes moiety A, with both X atoms being oxygen atoms;

- (b) a unit of formula V wherein E and E' represent oxygen atoms, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (v), m and s represent zero, w represents 1 and A and B represent 1 provided that said unit includes moiety A, with both X atoms being oxygen atoms;
- and a second repeat unit selected from one of the following:
- 10 (c) a unit of formula IV wherein E and E' represent oxygen atoms, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (iv), m and s represent zero, w represents 1 and A and B represent 1;
- 15 (d) a unit of formula IV wherein E represents an oxygen atom, E' represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (i), m represents zero, A represents 1, B represents zero;
- 20 (e) a unit of formula V wherein E and E' represent oxygen atoms, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (iv), m and v represent zero, z represents 1 and C and D represent 1;
- 25 (f) a unit of formula V wherein E represents an oxygen atom, E' represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (ii), m represents 0, C represents 1, D represents 0;
- 30 (g) a unit of formula V wherein E and E' represents an oxygen atom, Ar represents a structure (i), m represents 0, C represents 1, Z represents 1, G represents a direct link, v represents 0 and D represents 1;

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- (h) a unit of formula IV wherein E and E' represent oxygen atoms, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (iv), m represents 1, w represents 1, s represents zero, A and B represent 1;
- (i) a unit of formula IV wherein E represents an oxygen atom, E' is a direct link, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (iv), m and s represent zero, w represent 1, A and B represent 1;
- (j) a unit of formula V wherein E and E' represent oxygen atoms, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (iv), m represents 1, z represents 1, v 15 represents 0, C and D represent 1;
- (k) a unit of formula V wherein E represents an oxygen atom, E' represents a direct link, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (iv), m and v 20 represent zero, z represents 1, C and D represent 1;
- (1) a unit of formula IV wherein E and E' represent oxygen atoms, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (v), m represents 0, w represents 1, s represents 0, A and B represents 1;
- (m) a unit of formula V wherein E and E' represent oxygen atoms, G represents a direct link, Ar represents a moiety of structure (v), m represents 0, z represents 1, v 30 represents 0, C and D represent 1.
  - 15. A membrane or an electrode according to claim 14, wherein said ion-conducting polymeric material includes a

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first unit selected from (a) or (b) in combination with a second unit selected from (d) or (f) optionally in combination with unit (g).

- 5 16. A membrane or an electrode according to claim 14, wherein said ion-conducting polymeric material comprises unit (a) in combination with unit (d); unit (a) in combination with units (d) and (g); unit (b) in combination with unit (f); and unit (b) in combination 10 with units (f) and (g).
  - 17. A membrane or an electrode according to any preceding claim, wherein said polymer electrolyte membrane has an equivalent weight (EW) of less than 500g/mol.
- 18. A fuel cell or electrolyser incorporating a polymer electrolyte membrane according to any of claims 1 to 17.
- 19. An ion conducting polymeric material as described in 20 any of claims 1 to 17 per se.
  - 20. A method of making a sulphonated ion-conducting polymeric material as described in any preceding claim, the method comprising contacting a polymeric material which includes a repeat unit of formula A according to claim 1 with a sulphonating agent thereby to substitute the repeat unit on average with more than 1 and 3 or fewer sulphonate groups.
- 30 21. A method according to claim 20, wherein said conditions for controllably sulphonating the polymeric material involve the use of sulphuric acid at a concentration of at least 99.5%.

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- 22. A method according to claim 21, wherein the sulphuric acid concentration is less than 100.1%.
- 5 23. A method according to claim 21 or claim 22, wherein the temperature during sulphonation is 30°C or above.
  - 24. A method according to any of claims 20 to 23, wherein the temperature during said sulphonation is 40°C or less.
- 25. A method according to claim 23 or claim 24, wherein the selected temperature or temperature range is maintained for at least 2 hours and for less than 20 hours.
  - 26. A method according to any of claims 20 to 25, which is carried out by use of 99.8% to 100% sulphuric acid at 34 to 36°C.